



TEXAS REPUBLICAN PLATFORM 1966

AS ADOPTED BY THE REPUBLICAN PARTY
OF TEXAS IN CONVENTION, SEPT. 20, 1966

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PLATFORM CONTENTS

Inflation	4
Right-to-Work	5
Viet Nam	5
Education	6
Crime	6
Taxation	8
Redistricting	8
Women's Rights	9
Water for Texas	9
Water and Air Pollution	9
Traffic Safety	10
Automobile Insurance	10
Nurse Shortage	11
Industrial Safety	11
Texas Farm Economy	11
State and Local Employees	12
Tourism	12
State Election Law Reform	12
Constitutional Revision	13
Local Government	13
Judicial Administration	14

* * *

RESOLUTIONS

The Texas Poll	14
Freedom of Information	14
HemisFair '68	15
The American Housewife	15
Right-to-Work	16
Viet Nam	16
Military Voting	16
1966 Constitutional Amendments	17
Republican State Officials	18
State Republican Executive Committee	18

TEXAS REPUBLICAN PLATFORM FOR 1966

A strong two-party system will raise the level of economic opportunity and prosperity for all Texans, improve the caliber of public officials and the efficiency of government services, and insure the right to vote without political intimidation or fear of economic reprisal.

One party denomination in Texas has created a closed society in our state government when decisions on public policy and legislation are made by the power structure for the benefit of a select few.

Texans will be better protected by a two-party system. The healthy competition between parties will insure that all segments of our society will be heard and that injustices will be exposed.

INFLATION

The nation's economy is now wracked with inflation and all its attendant ills. The ramifications of inflation run throughout our society. The savings and fixed incomes of our senior citizens become less and less meaningful as each new cost of living index is posted. The pay checks of our workers become less valuable in real purchasing power with each passing day. The cost-price squeeze on our farmers continues to contribute to the exodus from the farm.

Improper remedies on the national level have succeeded only in compounding the problem of inflation by adding to it the problems of tight money and high interest rates. As a result, we have seen our great and usually vibrant home construction industry grind to a virtual halt. As with inflation, high interest rates and tight money hurt those who can afford it least.

The principal cause of current inflationary pressures is the fiscal policy of the federal government. The injection into our economy of vast sums of federal money into new and untried programs during times of relative prosperity can have no effect but those already indicated. Competition by the federal government with private citizens for money with which to carry out these programs can do nothing but cost the citizen. He must not only pay more for the money he borrows for his own ventures, but he must also as a taxpayer foot the bill for higher interest rates paid by the government.

We urge the federal government to live within its means as one way of alleviating current inflationary pressures in our economy.

We urge the federal government to reduce its spending in non-defense areas and to curtail its competition, through a multitude of governmental agencies, with our private citizens in the quest for new funds. We recognize the legitimacy, indeed the urgency, for federal spending in

some areas; but, we also recognize the terrible plight of our citizens when they are faced with the paradox of steadily rising prices for the things they must have in order to live, and the steadily declining availability of real purchasing power with which to achieve those necessities. By foregoing new and expensive programs and by not expanding upon programs already in existence, the federal government can do much to correct the damaging aspects of inflation.

RIGHT-TO-WORK

Texans have always had a high regard for the rights of the individual citizen. Nowhere is this more manifest than in the Texas insistence that a worker have the right to either join a union or not join a union. Texans insist only that this not be a prerequisite for obtaining or holding a job.

We deplore the Administration's insistence that section 14b of the Taft-Hartley Act be repealed, for it is upon this section of the National Labor Relations Act that the Texas right-to-work law is based.

We commend Senator John Tower for his leadership role in preventing repeal of section 14b. Insofar as the President has stated that repeal of 14b will have high priority in the next Congress, we heartily approve Senator Tower's announced intention to again fight repeal of this section of a law so important to Texans, and we urge all our fellow Texans to join in the fight.

VIETNAM

In Vietnam we seek a just and lasting peace. We recognize and support the American commitment there. We applaud the bravery and courage of our troops in Vietnam and their dedication to the cause of freedom.

We recognize also that the Communists' appetite for conquest must be stopped and that they be convinced that war, as an instrument of national policy, is too expensive to pursue.

We urge the Administration to prosecute the war in Vietnam, in conjunction with our allies, in such a way that it will be brought to a speedy and successful conclusion.

We support all efforts to obtain an honorable peace in Vietnam. We think there is much merit to the suggestion that a conference of Asian nations be called to explore way and means of arriving at a just settlement of the war.

EDUCATION

Recognizing that every dollar wisely spent on education yields high returns on the investment, we pledge our efforts to raise the standards throughout our educational system. It is shocking that more than 650,000 Texas adults are practically unable to read or write; that almost one-third of young Texas draftees fail the Armed Forces mental qualifying test; and that one-half of our Latin American adults have less than a 6th grade education and one-half of our Negro adults have less than an 8th grade education.

Our twin goals must be: to establish a new standard of excellence in education, and to make available this excellence to all who are willing and able to pursue it. To this end, we favor a substantial, effective adult education program to reach Texas' educationally deprived and allow them to participate fully in our society. We urge increased emphasis on vocational and technical education, especially among racial and ethnic minorities, to train today's citizens for today's jobs.

It is a sad note that Texas ranks only 29th among the states in average classroom teachers' salaries. In 1965 the Texas Republican State Executive Committee supported a pay increase. To encourage good teachers to remain in Texas' educational system, and to successfully recruit qualified new teachers, our salary schedules should be competitive with those of other states and commensurate with the educator's training and responsibility.

In the field of higher education, we call for increased emphasis in Texas' lagging junior college system. Our junior colleges afford a great opportunity to bring higher education and its benefits to more Texans, and at a lower cost to the student and the state. Our goal is a high quality junor college in every area of the state.

We believe no qualified student should be deprived of a college education because of economic hardship. We urge the extension of private and public student loan programs at all levels of government. We oppose increasing the tuition for state colleges and universities.

CRIME

The soaring crime rate in Texas demands that we take action immediately. Texas is losing the battle against crime:

- The Department of Public Safety reports that there were 284,249 major crimes in Texas in 1965.
- Major crimes increased 9% since 1964, and 31% since 1962.
- The number of police officers killed by criminals has more than doubled since 1960.

- Statewide, only an estimated 33% of all major crimes are solved by arrest.

The prime deterrent against crime is swift, sure apprehension and punishment. In a state where two thirds of the major crimes go unsolved, this deterrent is almost non-existent.

We support legislation that will strengthen our state and city law enforcement programs. We propose that the state appropriate funds to aid our cities in improving their police forces. We urge that the salaries of policemen be increased so as to continue attracting high quality men. The investigative branches of our police departments must be enlarged to meet the rising crime rate, and we support legislation providing additional funds for this purpose.

Law enforcement, as a profession, is often caught in a cross-fire of criticism and distrust. We believe that our citizens should give their continued support for our law enforcement agencies, and we urge them to do so. The difficult battle against rising crime cannot be won by these agencies alone. We believe all Texans should exert their individual efforts to furnish a good moral climate for our young citizens and to actively participate in local programs designed to reduce the high rate of juvenile crimes.

We believe that Texas' new Code of Criminal Procedure attempted a much needed reform of our criminal processes, but there are numerous defects that severely hamper our law enforcement officers and consequently endanger the safety and security of all Texans. The Democrat legislature went too far to protect the rights of the criminal—the interests of society in the preservation of law and order have suffered.

The Code of Criminal Procedure goes beyond the mandate of the courts and the Constitution, and we strongly urge that the law be amended to conform generally to the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure which afford protection to all citizens.

One of the basic duties of the police is to detect and prevent crime. We believe that the police should have the power to stop temporarily and interrogate persons whom they find in suspicious places or circumstances.

The rules concerning use of oral confessions are much more stringent than necessary. They materially hinder the police in any ethical interrogation aimed at securing a legal admission or recovering stolen property. We propose that the Code be amended to follow the Federal Rules in this regard.

We support the effort to revise Texas' outdated Penal Code.

TAXATION

We believe that state taxes must be as low as possible to maintain a favorable economic climate in which both the people and industry can prosper. For this reason, we vigorously oppose a corporate or personal state income tax, and we also oppose removing the food, drug, and agricultural exemptions from the sales tax.

We further urge that the legislature not impose new taxes on Texas until the state puts its own house in order. We strongly favor a state Little Hoover Commission to investigate and detect inefficiency in state government. The need for governmental review is amply shown by the fact that there has been no evaluation of efficiency in over thirty years.

Most major metropolitan Texas counties are at or near their maximum constitutional tax rates. We urge that local governments be given new sources of revenue other than the state's property tax.

We favor the Republican proposal that the federal government rebate some of the income tax revenue to the states.

We favor property tax relief for our senior citizens who, being largely on fixed incomes, are hard hit by inflation.

We favor an equalization of the assessments on property for state ad valorem taxes.

REDISTRICTING

The Republican Party of Texas has been in the forefront of the battle to bring fair apportionment of the Congressional and Legislative districts to the citizens of Texas. However, the Democrat-controlled Legislature dragged its heels and was required to act by Federal court order. Then, the Democrats gerrymandered the Congressional House of Representative districts in a selfish and inequitable manner. Because of this partisan attitude, the Legislature is once again under a Federal court order to redistrict Congressional and Texas House of Representative districts.

The Republican record on redistricting is one of outstanding public service, whereas the Democratic Legislature's record is one of self-service.

We favor and strongly urge logical and fair reapportionment of Texas' Congressional districts so that fair representation can be achieved. We also urge that single member state legislative districts be adopted in order to effect representation closer to the people and in order to ensure that all people receive fair representation, including urban and ethnic group voters.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS

We urge the orderly removal of any discriminatory laws in Texas that inhibit the full participation of women in the economic life in our state.

WATER FOR TEXAS

Texas stands at the crossroads in the management of its water and soil resources. Our state presently has tremendous resources of good water, and this has become our most important natural resource. But since World War II, our state population has continued to increase at an unparalleled rate and is expected to double again by the beginning of the next century. In addition, industrial expansion and municipal and agricultural water needs have created profound changes in our development and distribution of our water resources.

A comprehensive, long range water plan which will promise the widest range of benefits for the entire state is vital to the public interest. A more equitable distribution of water must be made to meet the needs of the foreseeable future.

WATER AND AIR POLLUTION

Water and air have been called "the indestructible resources," but they are now abused and damaged by serious pollution. The State of Texas needs better water quality and air control management if we are to prevent and abate pollution.

Impure water can destroy our fish and recreation centers and can create a breeding place for disease. Impure air can irritate our city dwellers with smog and can create dangerous aviation and traffic problems. As our State population continues to shift toward our high density urban areas, the problems of water and air management will be compounded.

Funds and political action are necessary in greater proportions if we are to bring our most precious natural resources up to a level that is necessary to meet the needs of the people.

In addition, the State of Texas has until June 30, 1967 to set up effective standards for water pollution control according to federal laws passed in 1965. In order that Texas will not abrogate its responsibilities, we urge the Texas Legislature to aggressively support our state agencies in abating the unnecessary agricultural, municipal, and industrial pollution of our water and air.

TRAFFIC SAFETY

Forty-nine thousand killed. Three and a half million injured. Traffic deaths in 1965 were 28 times the number of American servicemen killed in Viet Nam that year. Injuries were 600 times American injuries in Viet Nam.

Included in this national toll, over 3,000 Texans met their deaths on Texas highways and streets. Over 186,000 Texans were injured. This tragic toll is the legacy of inaction on the part of past legislatures.

The last session killed every administration traffic control proposal. The Federal Highway Safety Act of 1966 could cause an \$18.5 million loss of federal highway funds if the legislature persists in ignoring this tragic loss of life and property.

We believe that the major cause of accidents is the careless driver, the intoxicated driver, the speeding driver. We accordingly advocate stricter enforcement of traffic laws, stiffer penalties for violators and better and more widely available driver education programs. More specifically, we support the adoption of the Uniform Traffic Code, and consideration of automatic suspension of drivers' licenses for conviction of serious violations.

The youthful driver has a much higher accident rate than other drivers and we support probationary licenses for persons under 21, subject to revocation upon conviction for a serious traffic violation; and we recommend consideration of a bill to impound vehicles owned by minors who are convicted of driving while intoxicated.

There should be a periodic driving examination of multiple offenders.

We urge the adoption of the recommendations of the Director of the Department of Public Safety that the salaries of our highway patrolmen be increased and the number of authorized patrolmen be at least doubled. At the present time, the Highway Patrol is authorized to have only 829 patrolmen, but is more than 100 short of that goal because the salaries are not adequate to attract qualified personnel.

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

In the last two years the State Board of Insurance has raised the rates for automobile liability insurance by more than 30%, and rates on automobile insurance generally almost 20% during the same period. We call for an independent investigation of the rate-making process of the State Board of Insurance to determine if the procedure sufficiently protects the public interest. Special attention should be given to the advisability of instituting some form of competitive rate structure.

NURSE SHORTAGE

No society can long exist in which there is inadequate medical care for young and old alike. Recognizing that medical care in Texas is currently suffering from an acute shortage of professional nurses, we strongly urge strengthening the medical profession in Texas—especially in areas of public health service.

We applaud the efforts of the Texas Hospital Association Committee on Health Careers to attract able young women to the field of nursing, for we believe hospitals alone are no longer able to attract sufficient numbers of qualified students to accredited schools of nursing.

We feel sick persons should receive the finest care, and we agree with the American Nurses Association that the average Texas nurse—now making only \$320 a month—deserves a more equitable salary.

Fully cognizant of the gravity of the situation, the Republican Party of Texas stands ready to encourage participation in the nursing profession. And we feel salaries more commensurate with the nurses' dedication and training will result in improvement in the quality of medical care available to Texans.

INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

Industrial management, the working man, and society should all share in the battle against unsafe working conditions.

In this regard the Texas Legislature has ignored their responsibility in the area of safety and occupational accident prevention. The Texas Republican Party will fight for a job safety bill that would create a non-regulatory Industrial Safety Board. The responsibilities of such a board would be to promote systematized safety programs, offer technical assistance, seek voluntary record keeping for all industrial accidents, and make periodic safety recommendations and impress upon the general public that most accidental industrial injuries are preventable.

TEXAS FARM ECONOMY

We recognize that prosperity in Texas is dependent on a strong economy with adequate wages for workers and adequate profits for business.

The return to farmers and ranchers, particularly in South Texas, must be increased. Likewise, farm worker wages have been lower than we would like and should be increased wherever and as soon as possible.

STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYEES

We support the creation of an atmosphere in our state and local governments conducive to the retention of highly qualified people in public service.

To this end, we recommend improvement in job security. Furthermore, we support the establishment of pay scales for public employees competitive with those of private industry.

In order to insure to the people of Texas the services of all qualified people desirous of public service, we urge that the current discrimination against Negro and Latin Americans be eliminated from the employment procedure of state and local government, particularly in administrative and staff positions.

TOURISM

It took over 80 years for the Texas Legislature to eliminate a constitutional provision which prohibited state funds from being expended to attract tourists to Texas. It took over 5 years for the legislature to initiate a tourist development program despite the fact that permissive legislation had been on the books.

Today, we have a Texas Tourist Development Agency, but it is woefully understaffed and financially ill-equipped to attract the high level of tourist trade that Texas needs. We urge the Texas Legislature to increase their support for developing Texas' scenic beauty and vacation variety so that Texas will become the most popular vacation state in the nation.

Forward looking planning for development of parks and recreation areas is necessary in order to attract tourists to Texas.

Tourist expansion is extremely important because it can provide increased state revenues from the sales tax and can help long-range efforts to ease the tax burden of Texas citizens.

STATE ELECTION LAW REFORM

We strongly favor a thorough revision of Texas election laws. The vigorous two-party system demands a streamlined Code rather than the present ambiguous and contradictory laws that invite errors in the conduct of elections—both through outright fraud and mistake.

Voters deserve to vote without undue delay on election day, and we believe that new developments in the field of electronic vote tabulation hold great promise to increase the efficiency of election administration, to simplify the process of voting, and to safeguard the integrity of our elections. We urge creation of a commission to study this concept.

We urge a revamping of the enforcement procedures in elections. Present methods have proved cumbersome and unwieldy, and we suggest a bi-partisan election commission with the power of subpoena to receive reports of election irregularities and to conduct investigations into them.

We favor the registration for voting of all persons of voting age.

We favor the elimination of the so-called Party Loyalty Pledge. It is misleading, unenforceable and has repeatedly been used by unscrupulous politicians to make voters believe that they cannot vote for Republican candidates in November if they previously voted in the May Democratic Primary.

We reaffirm our pledge to firmly support and enforce the right to a secret and honestly counted ballot in every precinct in the state.

CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION

The Constitution of Texas is the symbol of self government and the fundamental law which establishes the relationship between the people and their government.

However, our 1876 State Constitution was adopted in an era of ill-feeling. Consequently, it has caused the gradual abandonment of various state governmental functions to the Federal Government through inflexible limitations and has created an expressive hodgepodge of amendments which increase more with each legislative session.

We believe the administration of our state government must be made more efficient, and we urge a full review of our State Constitution by a blue-ribbon bipartisan commission as a step toward informing the people for constitutional revision.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Today, seventy-six percent of all Texans are urban dwellers. This concentration of people in relatively small areas intensifies problems of maintaining water quality standards according to use, clean air and other public health services; personal safety in every part of the city; efficient transportation for people and goods; and sound housing.

We support the strengthening of local governments. Urban counties operate under severe constitutional, statutory and financial restrictions, yet have the responsibility for rendering specific services throughout the metropolitan area. They need the legislative authority to respond to the local situations and responsibilities. We will aggressively support improvements in state laws that will give local officials greater latitude in working together to provide needed services.

We commend and encourage regional planning commissions in Texas to assist in dealing with the problems of metropolitan areas .

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION

The efficient administration of our courts is a problem that concerns all Texans, both as litigants and taxpayers.

We join with the Chief Justice of the Texas Supreme Court, Robert W. Calvert, in calling for a centralized administrative state office with a competent professional staff. The ultimate authority for administering this office should lie in the Chief Justice or the Supreme Court of Texas. The functions of this staff should be: to gather accurate and complete information concerning the court dockets; to make budget estimates of state appropriations necessary for the maintenance and efficient operation of the judicial system; and to make reliable estimates of the costs of operating the system. We believe that all Texans will benefit from this long over-due administrative reform.

RESOLUTIONS

RESOLUTION ON THE TEXAS POLL

WHEREAS, the Texas Poll is the quasi-official crystal ball of this state; and

WHEREAS, past results indicate that the crystal shows images upside-down; and

WHEREAS, astute political observers such as the Congressional Quarterly and the President of the United States are on record regarding the perversity of the Texas Poll; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas express its deepest appreciation to Joe Belden for his forecasts in the race for United States Senate; and

THEREFORE, be it further resolved that we express our deepest condolences to Attorney General Waggoner Carr for being the favorite of the Texas Poll rather than of the Texas People.

RESOLUTION ON FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

WHEREAS, the newspapers of the State of Texas and the Republican Party of Texas share joint concern over Freedom of Information in the operation of the government of Texas; and

WHEREAS, many agencies of the State Government—The General Land Office, especially—have shown an utter disregard for the public Right to Know; and

WHEREAS, a free society cannot exist without Freedom of the Press and Freedom of Information; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas make common cause with the news media of the state to the end that Freedom of Information be an unquestioned right in Texas.

RESOLUTION ON THE HEMISFAIR '68

WHEREAS, the conception of the Hemisfair '68 is an imaginative and constructive proposal which demonstrates the ability of local areas to carry on effective people-to-people diplomacy; and

WHEREAS, the Hemisfair '68 promises to provide lasting benefit to the people of Texas and surrounding areas—indeed, to all the Americas; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas express its appreciation to those who have conceived, and are creating, the Hemisfair '68.

RESOLUTION ON THE AMERICAN HOUSEWIFE

WHEREAS, it is the American Housewife, and not the Federal Government, who manages, despite the severest obstacles, to keep us fed; and

WHEREAS, it is the American Housewife, not the Federal Government, who sees to it that we are clothed; and

WHEREAS, it is the American Housewife, and not—definitely not—the Federal Government, who provides us love, tenderness, affection, and the blessings of posterity; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas make known that, in the conflict between the Federal Government and the American Housewife, we consider the government the “aggressor” and stand firmly on the side of the American Housewife; and

THEREFORE, be it further resolved that we call upon the Federal Government to be aggressive toward the end of solving the problems of the American Housewife rather than adding to them, reminding the Federal Government that it is expendable, but the American Housewife—God bless her—is not, for it is she, not the Federal Government, who keeps the nation moving.

RESOLUTION ON RIGHT-TO-WORK

WHEREAS Freedom of Choice is a fundamental principle underlying the American Way of Life and the basic philosophy of the Republican Party; and

WHEREAS, section 14-B of the Taft-Hartley law is a basic protection for Freedom of Choice in labor relations; and

WHEREAS Senators Everett M. Dirksen, of Illinois, and John G. Tower of Texas, took the lead in the successful effort to preserve this basic Freedom; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas express its profound gratitude—and the gratitude of the people of Texas—to Senators Dirksen and Tower for their efforts in behalf of Freedom of Choice.

RESOLUTION ON VIETNAM

WHEREAS, the United States is involved in a conflict not of its choosing in Viet Nam; and

WHEREAS, that conflict is a sore trial to the American people because of the inherent difficulties of military operations and confusing political leadership in Washington; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas express its profound admiration and respect for, as well as gratitude to, those countless Texans, at home and abroad, who are tirelessly supporting the effort in Viet Nam with the same devotion that possessed our forefathers as they fought in defense of the Alamo in this very city; and

THEREFORE, be it further resolved that especial appreciation be tendered to Texans fighting in Viet Nam that they may understand that we stand for all that is necessary to make their effort as short, safe, and successful as possible.

RESOLUTION ON MILITARY VOTING

WHEREAS, for many years past citizens of Texas have been denied the right to vote solely because their devotion to their country led them to serve in its Armed Forces; and

WHEREAS, that gross inequity has now been alleviated; and

WHEREAS, the members of the Armed Services are now eligible to vote in Texas; now

THEREFORE, be it resolved by the delegates to this convention assembled that the newly enfranchized members of the Armed Services be welcomed into the electorate by the Republican Party of Texas and be encouraged to exercise the right to vote.

RESOLUTION ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

BE IT RESOLVED by the delegates to this convention assembled that the Republican Party of Texas encourages all fair-minded citizens to support the constitutional amendment providing for revision of tax assessments on agricultural land in urban areas.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Republican Party of Texas supports the constitutional amendment to allow the Dallas-Tarrant and Lower Rio Grande Valley areas to establish regional airport authorities.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Republican Party of Texas urges adoption of the constitutional amendment to liberalize the residence requirements for voting.

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF TEXAS

Officials

National Committeeman

Albert B. Fay
Houston

National Committeewoman

Mrs. J. C. Man, Jr.
Wichita Falls

State Chairman

Peter O'Donnell, Jr.
Dallas

State Vice-Chairman

Mrs. Tobin Armstrong
Armstrong

Secretary

Mrs. Alonzo Benavides
Laredo

General Counsel

Duncan Boeckman
Dallas

State Finance Chairman

John M. Bennett, Jr.
San Antonio

STATE REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

September 20, 1966

Sen. Dist No.	Committeeman	Committeewoman
1.	James Timberlake Bowie	Mrs. A. C. Hoffman Titus
2.	William M. Steger Smith	Mrs. Howard Hill Van Zandt
3.	John H. Goolsbee Cherokee	Mrs. B. E. Atkinson, Jr. Angelina
4.	Carl Wallrath, Jr. Jefferson	Mrs. Dale Hager Jefferson
5.	Dr. W. D. Wilkerson, Jr. Montgomery	Mrs. R. A. Buchanan Liberty
6.	J. K. Dixon Harris	Mrs. Abe Farrior Harris
7.	Gene Crossman Harris	Mrs. J. D. Boggs Harris
8.	Harry W. Bass, Jr. Dallas	Mrs. Josephine Kanowsky Dallas
9.	Conner Harrington Collin	Mrs. Jack Martin Grayson

Committeeman	Committeewoman
James S. Garvey Tarrant	Mrs. Robert Klabzuba Tarrant
Otto Miller Harris	Mrs. Elmer Lindstrom Harris
Gavin Garrett Burnet	Mrs. Paul C. Coffin Hill
Douglas R. DeCluitt McLennan	Mrs. Charles Hanson Bell
A. C. Bryant Travis	Mrs. B. J. Smith Travis
Sidney Buchanan Harris	Mrs. Raymond Arsht Harris
Robert Porter Dallas	Mrs. H. K. Herbert Dallas
Thornton Chambers Brazoria	Miss Estell Tartt Galveston
Jay Anderson Colorado	Mrs. Joe Pratt Victoria
John H. Wood, Jr. Bexar	Mrs. Joe P. Straus, Jr. Bexar
Owen D. Cox Nueces	Mrs. James H. Clement Kleberg
Roy Jindra Jim Wells	Mrs. Alonzo Benavides Webb
Chester Upham, Jr. Palo Pinto	Mrs. John J. Andujar Tarrant
Dillard Radke Dallas	Mrs. R. L. Robinson Dallas
John R. Anderson Borden	Mrs. A. K. Doss Taylor
M. C. Puckett Pecos	Mrs. Charles F. Browne Sutton
M. O. Turner Bexar	Mrs. Baxter Grifer Bexar
Ray Hughston Cameron	Mrs. Richard Sowell Hidalgo
Syd Moore Lubbock	Mrs. J. L. Pinkerton Ward
H. H. Shelton El Paso	Mrs. J. T. Moorhead El Paso
Dr. William L. Rector Wichita	Mrs. Tom Suits Hale
Jim Campbell Gray	Mrs. Warren Fatheree Gray

